ACCESSIBILITY LAWS FOR RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS

Religious institutions must comply with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and State Laws.



Religious institutions that <u>broadcast</u> on television must comply with the **FCC** and **CVAA** requirements.

Religious institutions are exempt from complying with the ADA.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act is a civil rights law that **prohibits discrimination** against individuals with disabilities by

- Federal programs and activities
- Federal electronic and information technology
- Any program receiving federal assistance

Applies to faith organizations that:

- Applied for financial assistance from the United States Department of Labor (USDOL)
- Partner with existing USDOL-supported program
- Receive USDOL financial assistance (grant, subaward, contract, in-kind assistance etc.)

Financial assistance includes both monetary

and non-monetary funds

from the government.

Exemptions: Organizations with less than 15 employees and less than 15 participants during a program may be exempt.

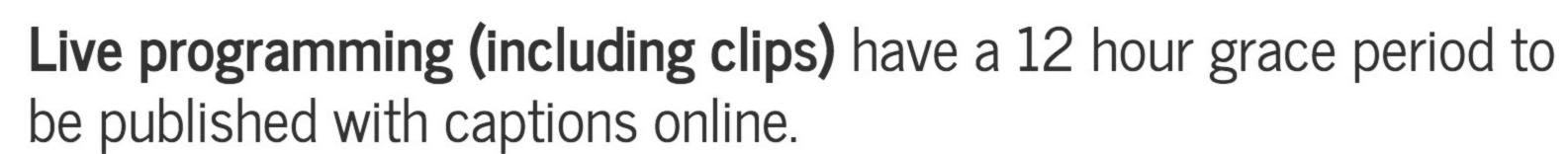
State Laws

While religious organizations are exempt from the ADA, certain states could have laws that apply to religious institutions. It's important to double check with your home state laws.

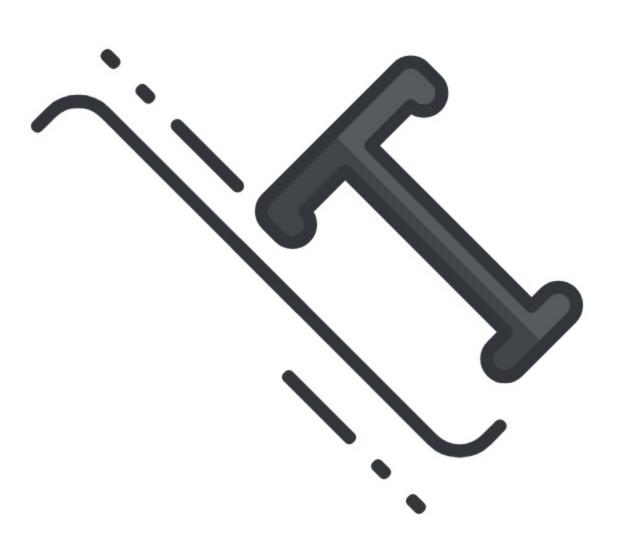
Federal Communications Commission

Religious organizations must provide closed captioning for:

- Broadcasts
- Video that previously appeared on television
- Montages
- Clips (live and near-live)



Near-live programming (including clips) have an 8 hour grace period to be published with captions online.



Video players must comply with closed captioning standard CEA-708 and advanced interface settings.

In other words, the user must be able to customize the text and background color, text size, font type, opacity, window color, and character edge of the captions.

Economically Burdensome Exemptions: Religious organizations can apply for exemptions if the costs for captioning prove to be an undue burden.

21st Century Video Accessibility Act

All video that previously aired on television must have closed captioning when published online.

Exemptions: Video that <u>never</u> aired on television.

